

Adaptation of ISO/IEC Software Engineering Standards for Very Small Enterprises

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- Steps toward creation of a new ISO SC 7 Working Group.
- Report of First Working Group (WG) 24 Meeting
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École de technologie supérieure –Engineering Programs

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Very Small Enterprises (VSE)

- VSEs are defined as having less than **25 employees**.
- Scope includes also **small project** or **department** within a larger organization.
- Example – Greater Montréal Area.

Number of employees	Number of Enterprises	Percentage	Number of Jobs
1 to 25	540	78%	5105
25 to 100	127	18%	6221
Over 100	26	4%	6056

Source: Laporte 2005.

VSEs and Standards

1. International standards were **not written for** and/or is **hard to apply** in small projects, small development organizations, or companies that have between 1 and 25 employees.
2. International Life Cycle Standard ISO/IEC 12207 and guide do not explicitly address the **needs of VSEs**.
3. **Compliance** with standards is difficult (if not impossible) for VSEs to achieve.
4. VSE's have no or very limited ways to **be recognized** as an enterprise that produces quality software systems in their domain.
 - VSEs are **cut off** from some economic activities.
5. **Implementation** of current standards requires a significant critical mass in terms of number of employees, cost and time.
6. VSEs cannot see a **net benefit** in establishing a software process as defined by current standards.





IEEE User's Survey

Implementation Difficulties

- Benefits of implementation not clearly understood
- Not enough useful examples
- Cost
- Lack of templates, implementation checklists.
- Compliance determination

Source: Kathy Land, 1997



IEEE Users' Survey Requested Support Items

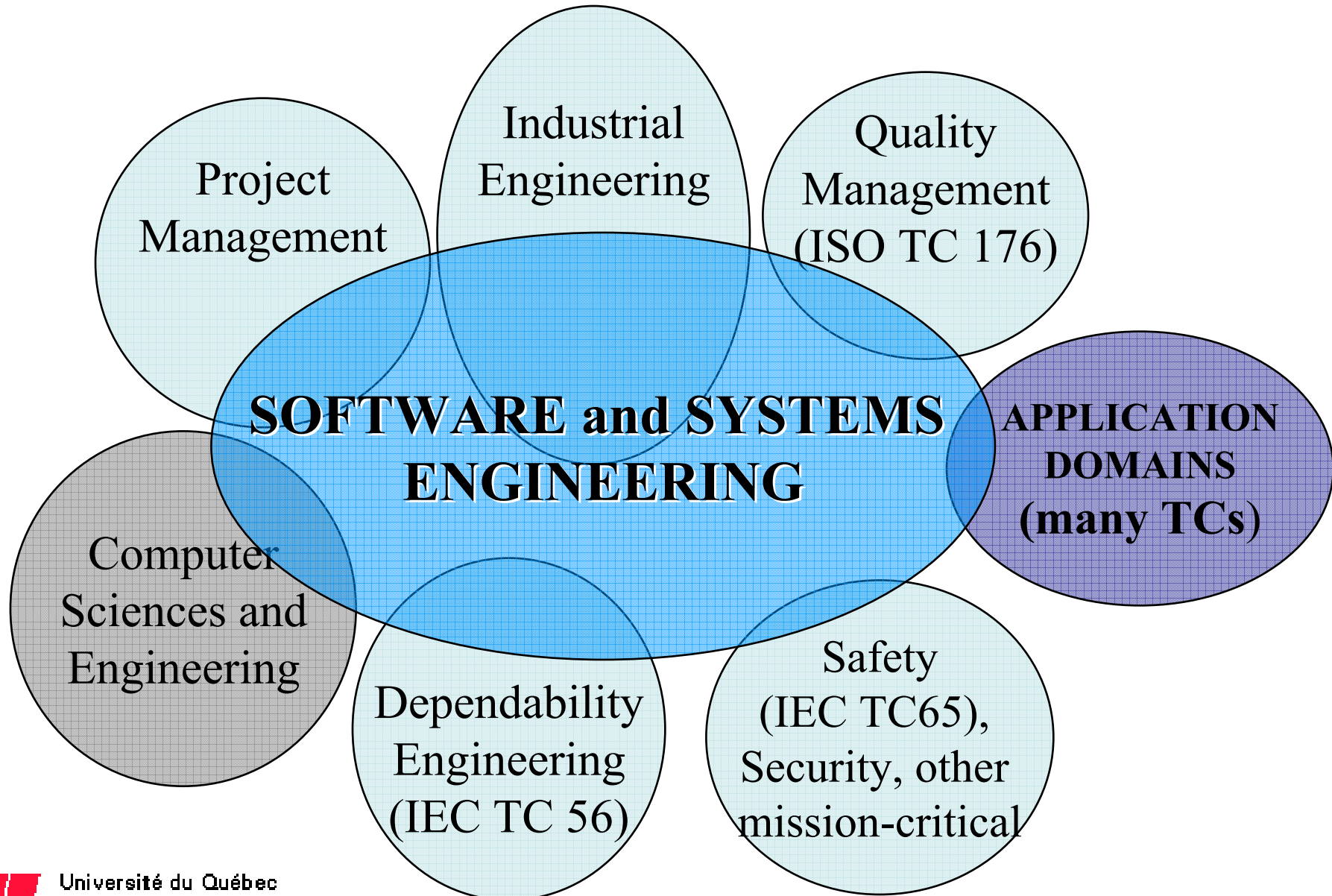
- User training course
- Examples of deliverables
- Deliverable templates
- CASE tool support for documentation generation
- On-line or phone support
- Software Engineering Standards newsletter
- Software Engineering Standards users group
- Educators resource/support

Source: Kathy Land, 1997.

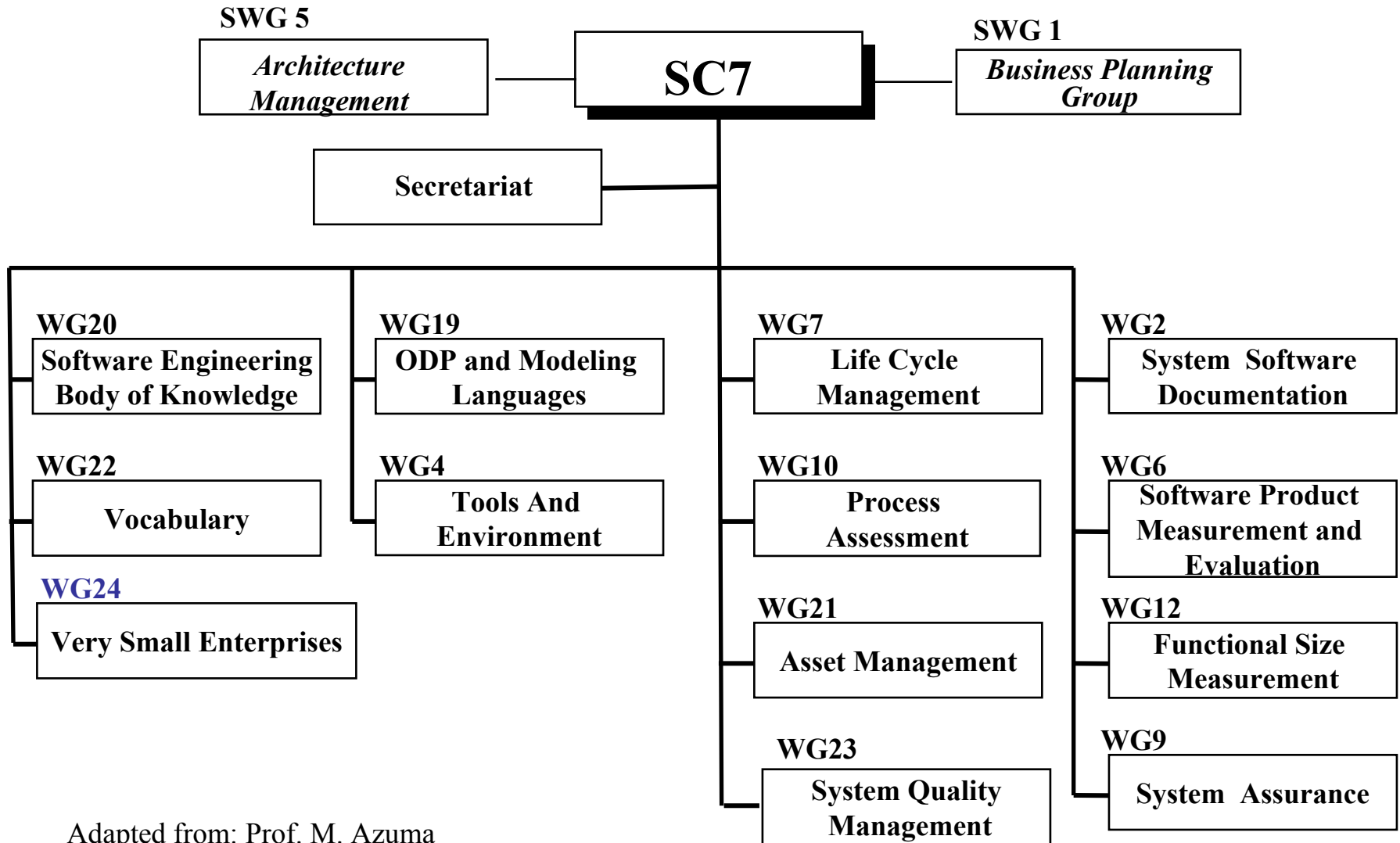
ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC7- Terms of Reference

**Standardization of processes,
supporting tools and supporting
technologies for the engineering of
software products and systems.**

SC7 - An Horizontal Committee

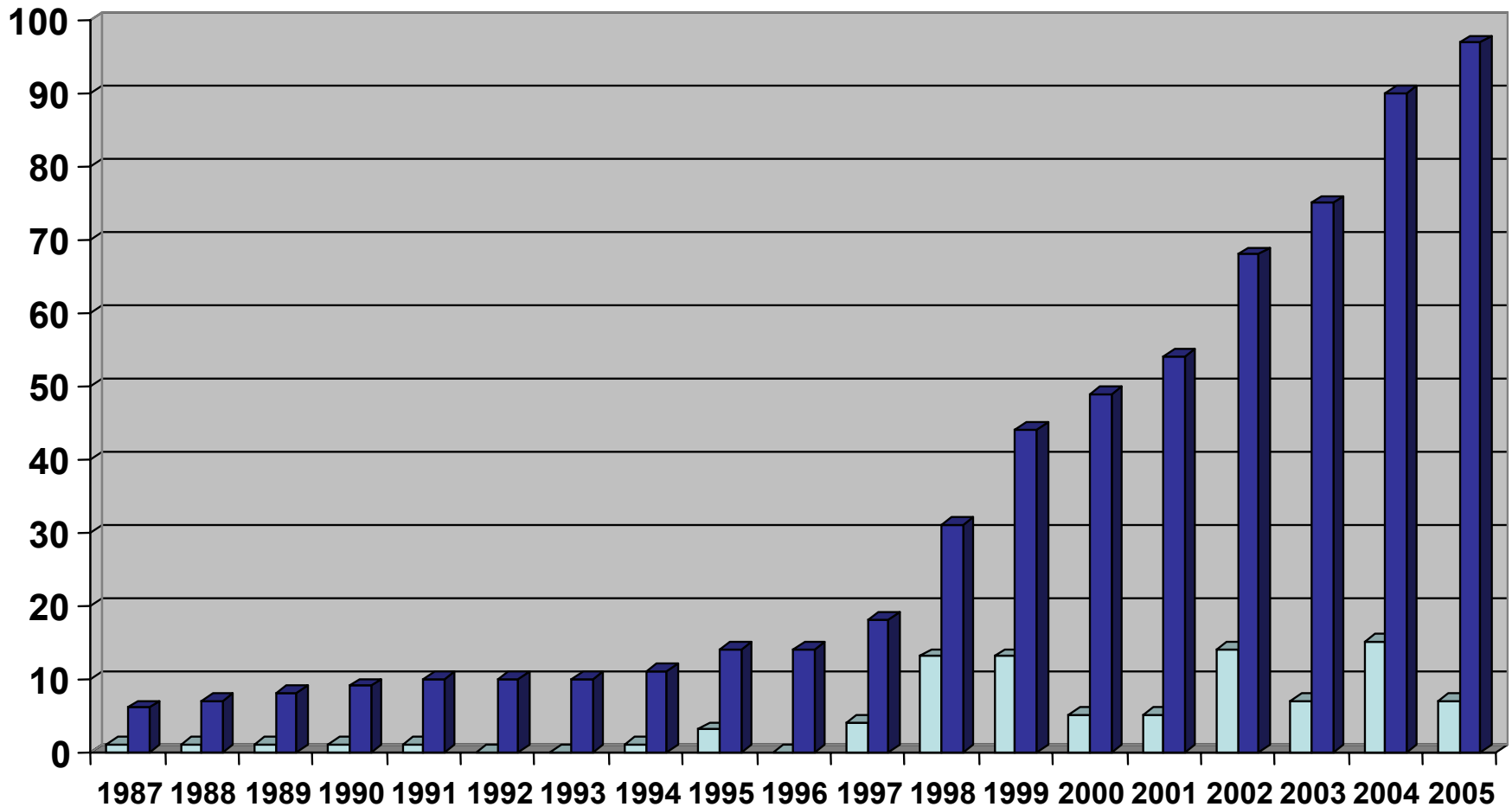


SC7 Structure

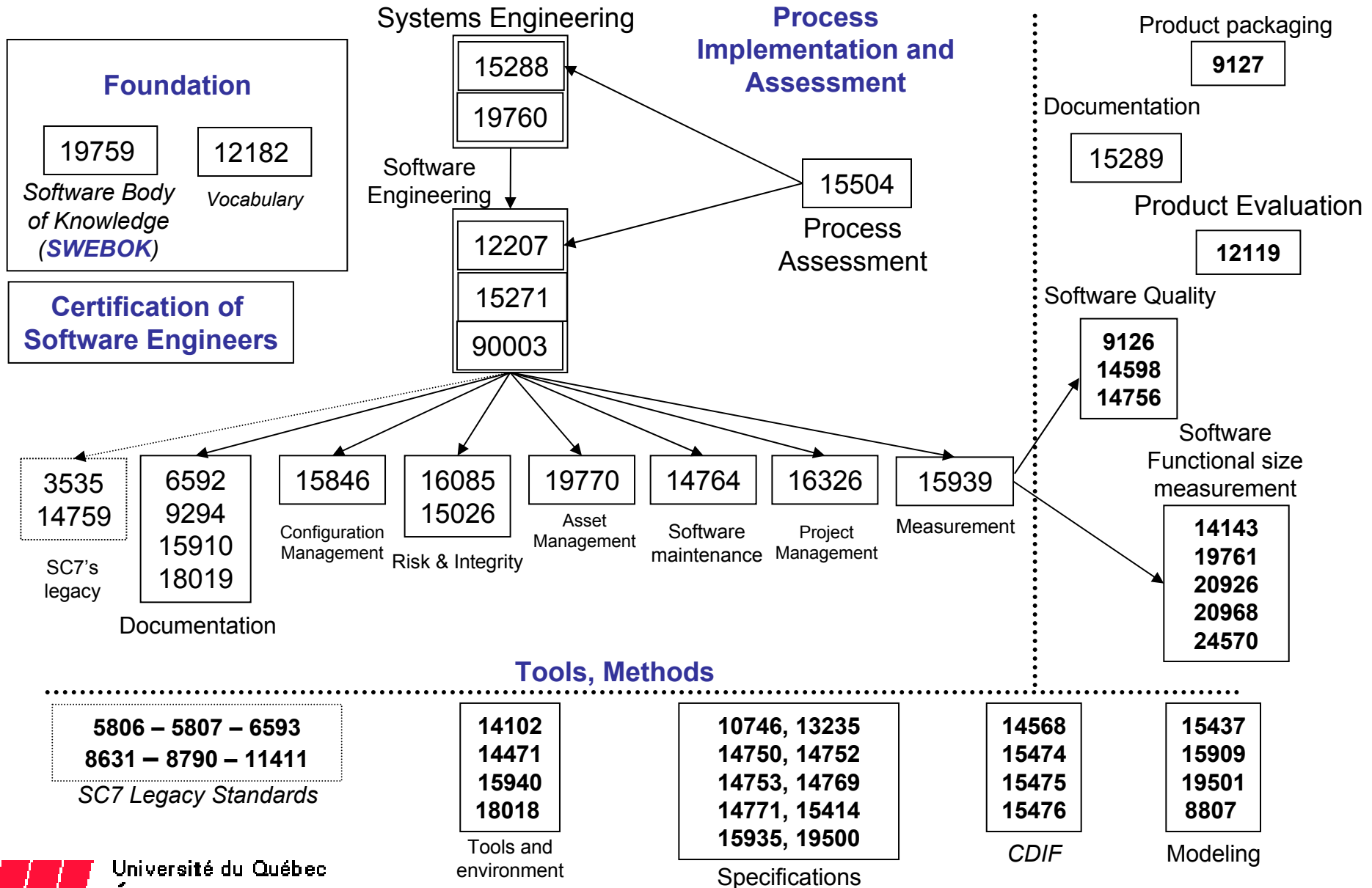


Adapted from: Prof. M. Azuma

Software Engineering Standards Produced and Maintained



Standards Collection



SC7 Meeting in Brisbane - 2004

- Canada raised the fact that small enterprises require standards adapted to their size and maturity,
- A meeting of interested parties was held with delegates from 5 national bodies (Australia, Canada, Czech Republic, South Africa, and Thailand),
- **Consensus:**
 - Make the current software engineering standards **more accessible** to VSEs;
 - Provide **turn key material** that require minimal tailoring and adaptation effort;
 - Provide **harmonized products** that integrate available standards:
 - Process standards
 - Work product and deliverables
 - Assessment and Quality.



SC7 Meeting in Brisbane - 2004

- **Consensus:**
 - Generate multiple **profiles** from elements of standards.
 - Align, if desirable, profiles with the notions of **maturity levels** presented in **ISO/IEC 15504**.
- **Establishment of a Special Interest Group to develop:**
 - A statement of requirements ;
 - The outline of key deliverables, and the associated process to create them (e.g. how to create profiles);
 - A Terms of Reference for the work group;
 - An example of a simple profile



First Special Working Group Meeting Thailand – March 2005

- Hosted by the Thailand Industrial Standard Institute (TISI) and the Thai Software Industry Promotion Agency (SIPA),
- **Representatives**
 - Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Czechoslovakia, Finland, South Africa, South Korea, USA and Thailand.
- **Outputs**
 - Project **vision and strategy**;
 - Draft **New Work Item** (ISO SC 7, Document N3288)
 - Project **Schedule**;
 - Product **Plan**;
 - Initial requirements document;

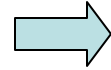


สำนักงานส่งเสริมอุตสาหกรรมซอฟต์แวร์แห่งชาติ (องค์การมหาชน)
Software Industry Promotion Agency (Public Organization)



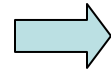
Examples of Issues and Proposed Solutions by Thailand about ISO/IEC 12207

SMEs are not ready to implement the whole 12207 standard.



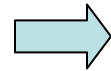
Standard should be broken down in to stages or levels in order to fit all sizes of SMEs.

Not all 12207 activities are suitable for SMEs' operations.



Need to modify activities to suit SMEs' operation – product and project based type of business.

There is no assessment model.



A set of checklist was developed for use by assessors.

Most software developers are not document-oriented.



Provide packaged templates and examples for rapid documenting

Source: Thai Software Industry Promotion Agency



Thai Quality Software (TQS) Standard

- Introduced by the Association of Thai Software Industry (ATSI).
- Adapted from ISO/IEC 12207 Software Life Cycle Processes Standard to:
 - Instill discipline for software developers,
 - Guide in software engineering processes and assures quality software.
- Divided into 5 stages:
 - Software practices (ISO/IEC 12207)
 - Organizations are assessed for certification at each stage
- Currently (March 2005)
 - 43 software organizations have been certified TQS level 1, and 11 software organizations have been certified TQS level 2.



TQS Level I Mapping with ISO/IEC 12207

5. PRIMARY LIFE CYCLE PROCESS

CONTRACT VIEW

5.1 Acquisition process

5.2 Supply process

Planning

OPERATING VIEW

5.4 Operation Process

ENGINEERING VIEW

5.3 Development process

Process implementation

Software acceptance support

Software requirements analysis

Software architectural design

Software coding & testing

5.5 Maintenance Process

Process implementation

Modification implementation

6. SUPPORTING LIFE CYCLE PROCESS

6.2. Configuration management

QUALITY MANAGEMENT VIEW

6.3. Quality assurance process

7. ORGANIZATIONAL LIFE CYCLE PROCESS

MANAGEMENT VIEW

7.1. Management Process

Initiation & scope definition

7.2. Infrastructure Process

7.3. Improvement Process

7.4. Human Resource Process

Target Market of a Future ISO/IEC Set of Technical Reports and Guides

- The collection should be based on the Software Engineering **needs of the majority** of the VSEs
 - Market driven.
- The collection should initially focus on **lower levels** of maturity
- The collection should be applicable to **small teams** or **projects**.
- The use of the collection should enable multiple VSEs to work together (**teaming** arrangements) or work with a **customer** (e.g. under contract).

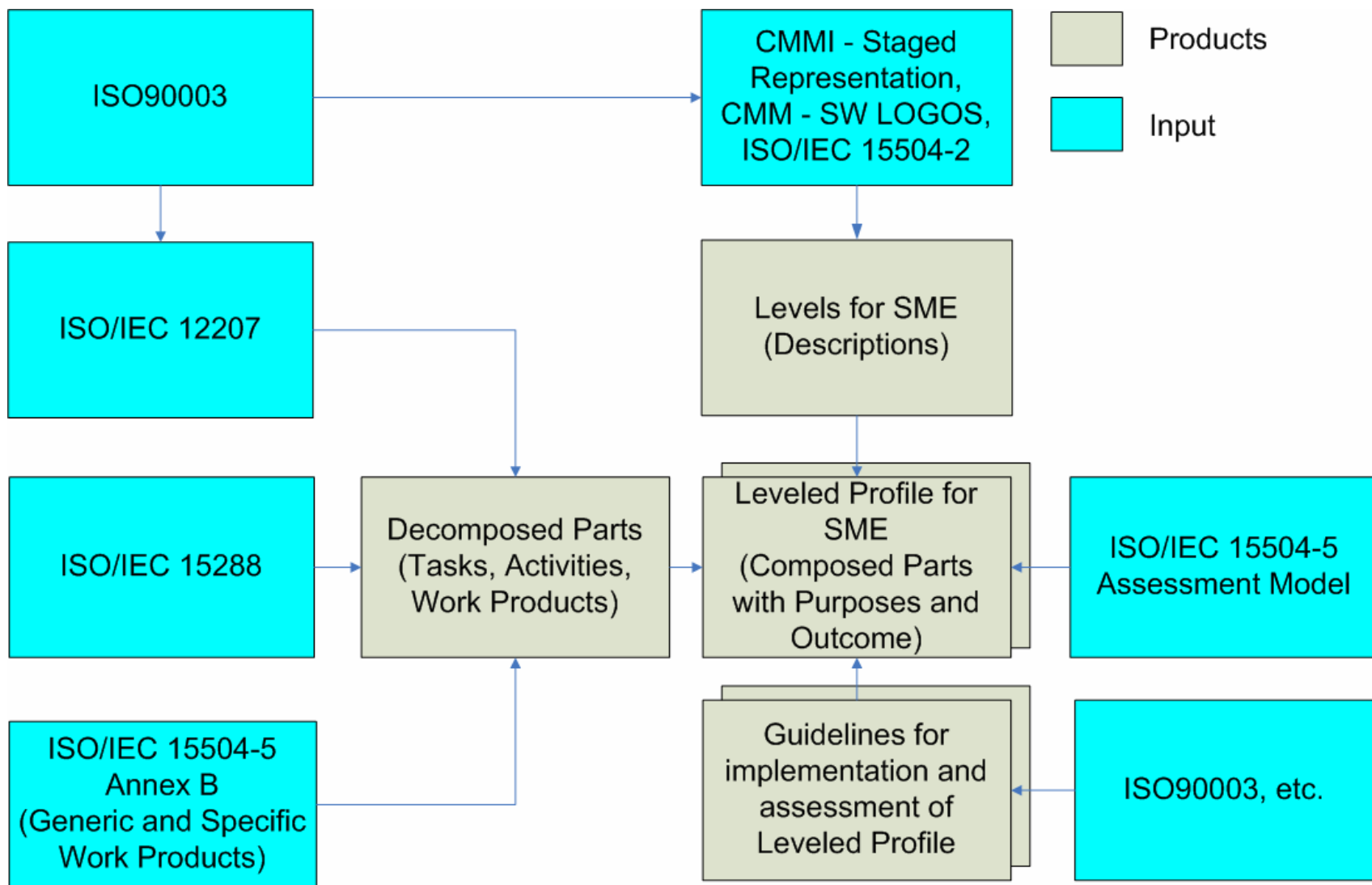


Potential Benefits for VSEs

- The use of the documents should contribute to the reduction of risk
 - Business, cost, schedule and quality
- The use of the documents should facilitate alignment of the IT strategy to the business objectives.
- The documents should help understand and appreciate the value added (short and long term).
- The documents should offer guidance on quantifying the benefits of standards implementation.
 - The documents should include a measure of increased productivity and quality.

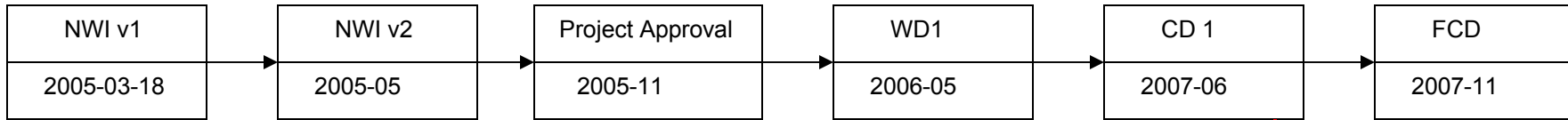


VSE Proposed Model

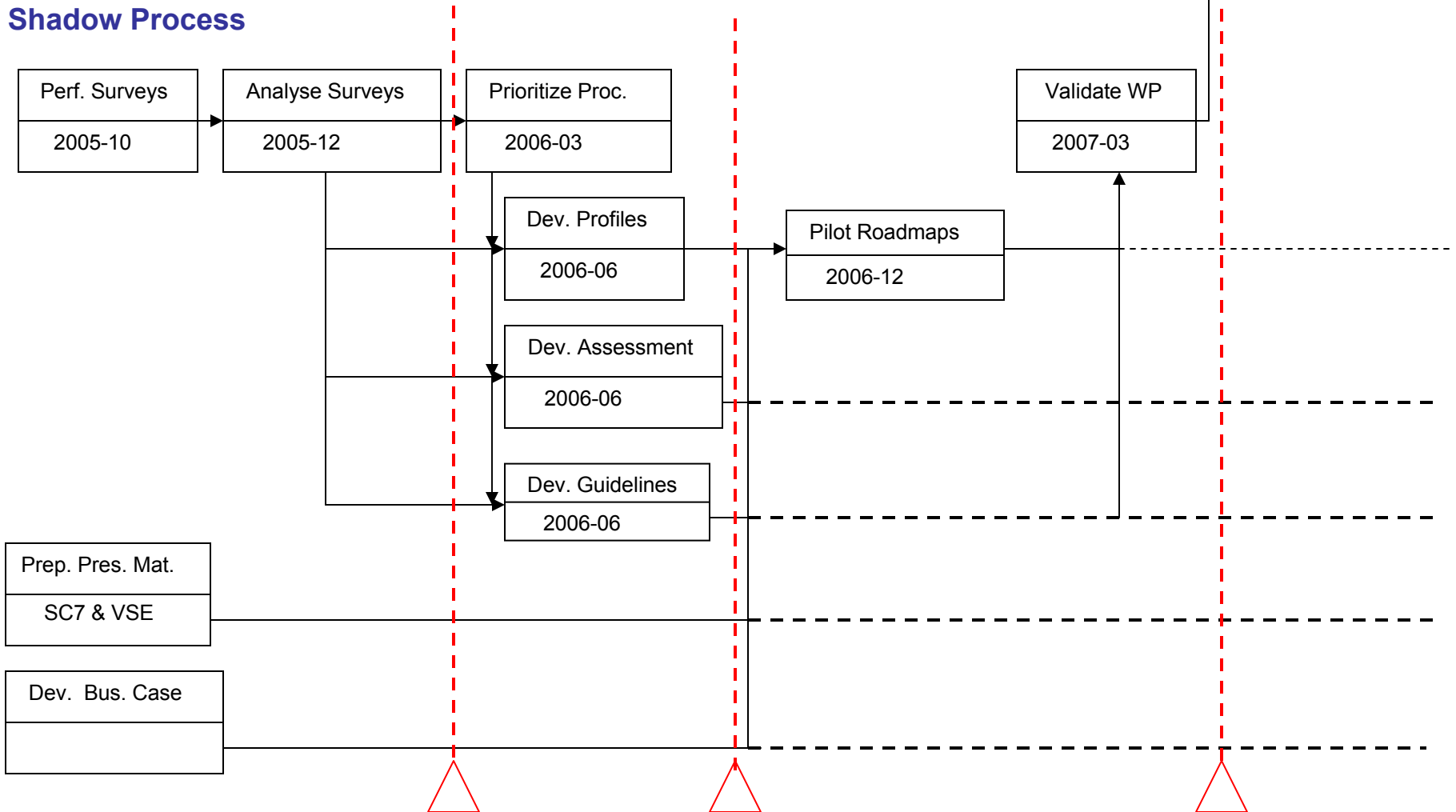


Estimated Schedule of Activities

ISO JTC1 Process



Shadow Process



SC7 Meeting in Finland – May 2005

- Proposal developed in Thailand was reviewed
 - **Recommendation:** To establish a new Working Group
- Resolution was approved to **ballot** the New Work Item Proposal
 - *Software Life Cycle Profiles and Guidelines for use in Very Small Enterprises (VSE)*
- Many countries **voted in favour** of the NWI Proposal
- Working Group 24
 - Mr. Tanin Uthayanaka (Thailand) was appointed Convener.
 - Mr. Jean Bérubé (Canada) was appointed Secretary.
 - Mr. Claude Y. Laporte (IEEE CS) was appointed Project Editor



Second Special Working Group Meeting Thailand – September 2005

- Hosted by the Thailand Industrial Standard Institute and the Thai Software Industry Promotion Agency
- **Representatives**
 - Australia, Belgium, Canada, Finland, Japan, Luxembourg, South Africa, USA and Thailand.
- **Outputs**
 - Proposition to use **International Standardised Profiles** (ISPs) as a framework to develop documents (e.g. guides)
 - Proposed **survey** on VSEs exposure and needs for software development lifecycles;
 - Proposed **business models** to help classify VSEs



First SC7 Working Group 24 Meeting

Italy – October 2005

- **Countries committed to participate to Working Group 24**
 - Belgium, Canada, Czech Republic, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Korea, Luxemburg, South Africa, Thailand, UK, USA
- **Outputs**
 - New Work Item – comments received during balloting,
 - Project Requirements,
 - Business Models,
 - Custom on contract, Custom in-house, Commercial products, Mass-market software, Firmware.
 - Strategy to create profiles.
 - Users' Survey,
 - Strategic Plan,
 - Web site for **public** review of documents produced.
- **Next Step**
 - Perform Users' **Survey**.
- Next WG 24 Meeting - May 2006, Thailand.



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- **Working Group 24 Public site – (Under construction)**
 - **<http://www.jtc1-sc7.org/>**



Resources

- ISO/IEC TR 19559, Software Engineering Body of Knowledge (SWEBOK) (Free copy of TR)
 - http://isotc.iso.org/livelink/livelink/fetch/2000/2489/Ittf_Home/PubliclyAvailableStandards.htm
- National Computing Centre – Toward Software Excellence
 - <http://www.software-excellence.org/>



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